

A Comprehensive Diagnostic Patient Profile

The Importance of Good Documentation and Coding

Good documentation and coding clearly depict the level of disease severity, comorbidities, underlying disease and other factors that contribute to the level of complexity for the patient encounter.

Per the ICD-9-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting:¹

“Code all documented conditions that coexist at the time of the encounter/visit, and require or affect patient care treatment or management.”

Payment from Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is based on the overall health status of the Medicare Advantage member. Diagnosis codes are some of the criteria used for determining severity of illness, risk and resource utilization. Diagnostic coding influences the “level of risk” in determining CPT® code assignment.

Moderate risk is equivalent to either:

- a) One or more chronic illnesses with mild exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment
- b) Two or more chronic stable illnesses

High risk relates to either:

- a) One or more chronic illnesses with severe exacerbation, progression or side effects of treatment
- b) Acute or chronic illnesses or injuries that pose a threat to life or body function

Status codes can also indicate and contribute to the complexity level of the encounter. Consider these V codes:

Renal Dialysis Status or Noncompliance	V45.11 or V45.12
Tracheostomy Status	V44.0
Respirator Dependence	V46.11
Lower Limb Amputee	V49.7X
Artificial Openings for Feeding or Elimination	V44.X and V44.5X
Organ Transplant Status	V42.X to V42.8X
Asymptomatic HIV Status	V08

The presence of one or more of these conditions should be taken into account by the provider in the decision making process and could affect patient care, treatment and management. Other diagnosis codes that are not often reported, although the patient is being treated for the conditions, are:

Protein-Calorie Malnutrition	263.X
Major Depressive Disorder	296.2X and 296.3X
Alcohol Dependence & Drug Dependence	303.XX and 304.XX
History of Heart Attack	412

Good documentation is reflective of the “thought process” of the provider when treating patients. All conditions affecting the care, treatment or management of the patient should be documented with their status and treatment and coded to the highest level of specificity. Enhanced precision and accuracy in the codes selected is the ultimate goal.

*CPT is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association.

¹“ICD-9-CM - International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification.” Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Web. 27 Jan. 2012. <<http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd9cm.htm>>